

Introduction

Granulate



≠



Ultra-high molecular weight

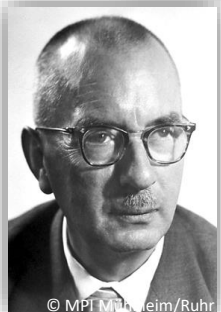
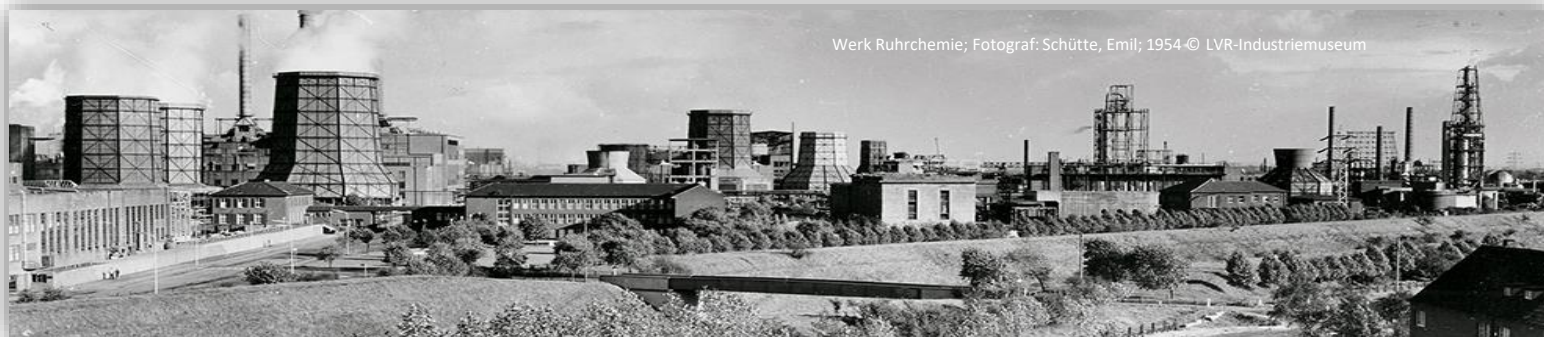


Ruhrchemie



GUR[®] UHMW-PE - an ultra high performance polyethylene powder encompassing both ultra high and very high molecular weight polyethylene

Introduction: A Short History of GUR® UHMW-PE



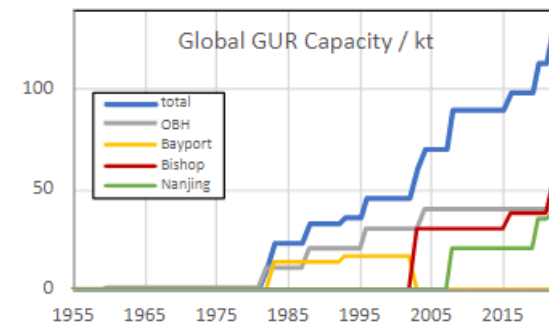
© MPI Mainz, Leim/Ruhr

Karl Waldemar Ziegler
1898-1973

| | |
|--------------|--|
| 1953 | Catalyst discovered by Karl Ziegler (Nobel prize for Chemistry in 1963) |
| 1955 | First pilot plant at Oberhausen |
| 1955 | GUR® UHMW-PE introduced at K-Fair |
| 1960s | First manufacturing unit and development of processing technologies and applications |
| 1981 | Process modernization with new catalyst system |
| 1982 | 3rd line built in Oberhausen |

| | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1983 | Opening of Bayport, Texas plant |
| 1988 | 4th line built in Oberhausen |
| 1992 | European ISO 9001 certification |
| 1996 | Expansion of 4th line in Oberhausen |
| 1998 | Global ISO 9001 certification |
| 2002 | Opening of Bishop, Texas plant |
| 2004 | Oberhausen capacity expansion |
| 2008 | Opening of Nanjing, China plant |

| | |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| 2016 | Bishop debottle necking |
| 2020 | Nanjing expansion |
| 2021 | Bishop expansion |



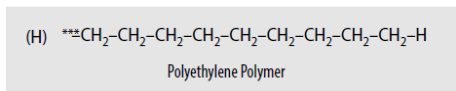
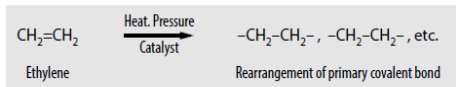
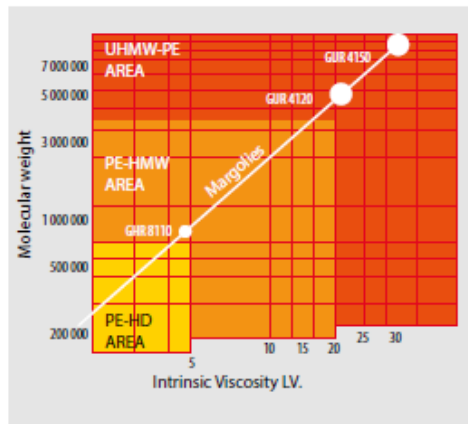
Introduction: GUR® UHMW-PE - Global Presence

- GUR® UHMW-PE manufacturing plants
- Sales offices



Introduction: What is UHMW-PE?

The Polyethylene Family



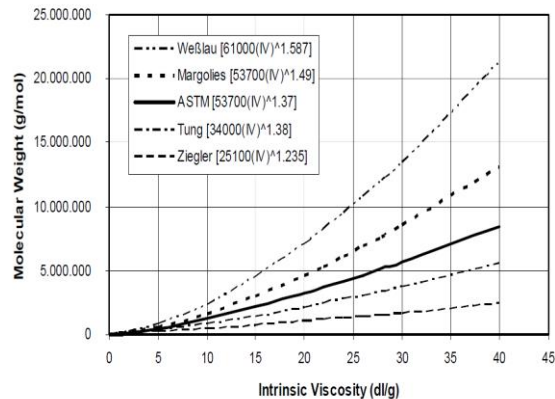
What is UHMW-PE?

- Ultra-high molecular weight polyethylene.
- Definitions of UHMW-PE:
 - ▶ ISO 11542-1: MFR < 0,1 g/10 min (190°C / 21,6 kg)
 - ▶ ASTM D4020: VN > 2200 ml/g; IV > 1941 ml/g
- Please note: UHMW-PE is not defined by molecular weight in the standards! The molecular weight can be calculated by different equations, which leads to different ranges of molecular weight.
- The common conception of what is UHMW-PE and what is not varies by region, test method and equation used:
 - ▶ > 5 million g/mole (ASTM method /NA region)
 - ▶ > 3 million g/mole (ISO method/ Europe region)
 - ▶ > 1.5 million g/mole (China region)
- Avg. MW of melt processable PE's are typically between 10,000 to 500,000 g/mole

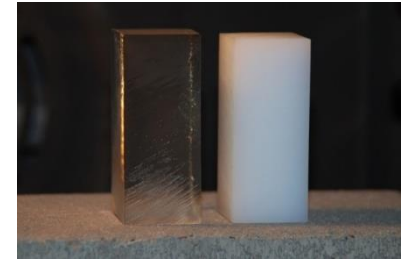
Typical Molecular Weight Ranges of Low Pressure Polyethylene

| | | |
|---|----------|---------------------|
| □ | HDPE: | 30 000 – 300 000 |
| □ | HMW-PE: | 300 000 – 3 Million |
| □ | UHMW-PE: | 3 – 12 Million |

Figure 3 Known Molecular Weight Equations
(Correlating with Intrinsic Viscosity)



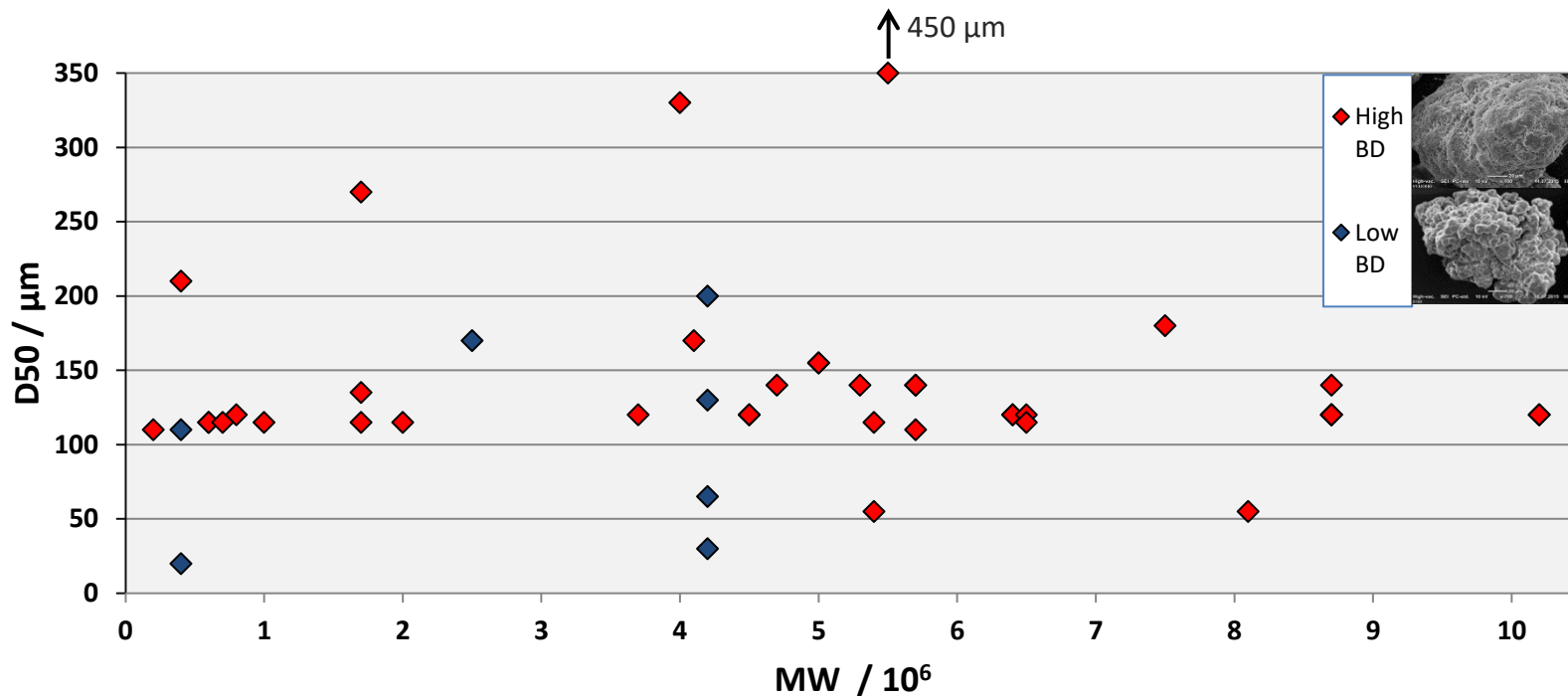
- ▶ **GUR® UHMW-PE is a white powder**
- ▶ Melts but does not flow
- ▶ Outstanding abrasion resistance
- ▶ Highest impact strength of any polymer
- ▶ Non-stick, self-lubricating surface
- ▶ Physiologically safe (FDA compliant)
- ▶ Lightweight and low density
- ▶ Excellent dielectric and insulating properties
- ▶ Low temperature range
- ▶ Flexible form factor: sheet / rod / tube, porous block / film, membrane, fiber
- ▶ Superior chemical resistance
- ▶ Naturally hydrophobic



Limitations:

- ▶ Creep resistance
- ▶ Processability
- ▶ Softening temperature 80°C
- ▶ Tensile modulus < 1000 MPa

GUR® UHMW-PE Portfolio Overview

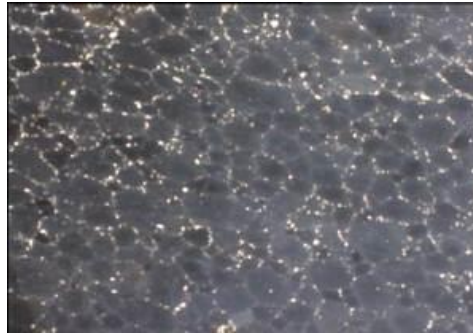
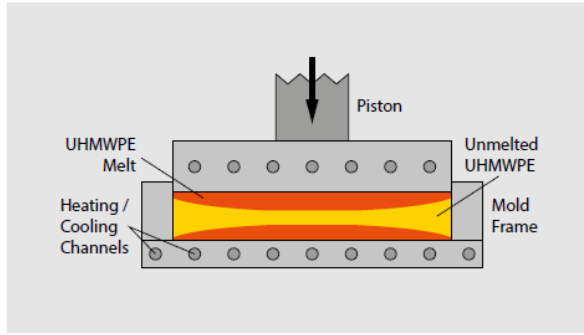


GUR® UHMW-PE sales grades cover a big range in terms of PS and MW

In addition there are pelletized and hydrophilic grades as well as grades including additives (mostly carbon or AO)

Compression molding of sheets

- Used to fabricate semi-finished forms

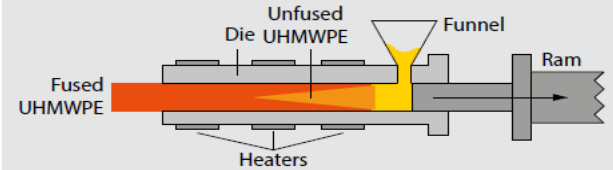


Microscopic picture of thin section from a GUR plate

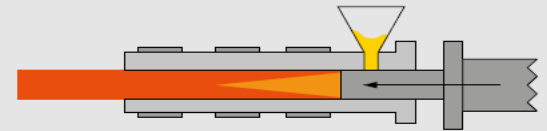
Ram extrusion of continuous profiles

- Used to fabricate semi-finished forms

Step 1: Ram Back / Resin Fil



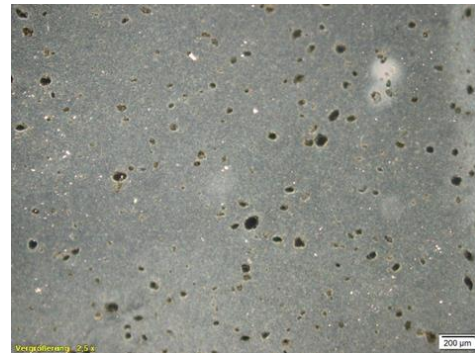
Step 2: Ram Forward



Reasons for Using GUR® UHMW-PE as an Additive

Benefits of GUR® UHMW-PE as an additive

- Increases scratch/abrasion/cut resistance of matrix
- Increases crack propagation strength of matrix
- Improves coefficient of friction (sliding properties) of matrix
- Improves mechanical properties, e.g. impact strength and flexural modulus of matrix
- Gives unique surface texturing, e. g. anti-slip properties, anti-stick properties, matting effect
- Good chemical compatibility with many matrix polymers
- Good matrix adhesion due to unique grain morphology
- No melt flow. Keeps particle shape during processing
- Biocompatible & no fluorine content. FDA approval.
- Very good chemical resistance



Microtome of GUR® UHMW-PE dispersed in PP

Rubber additive

Examples for rubbers: NBR, EPDM, TPE, TPU

Effects achieved: increased abrasion resistance, increased crack propagation strength, anti-sticking properties

Mode of action: the GUR® UHMW-PE grains are homogenously distributed in the rubber part.

Thermoplastics additive

Examples for technical polymers: POM, PA, Polyesters and more

Effects achieved: increased abrasion resistance, improved tribological properties

Mode of action: the GUR® UHMW-PE grains are homogenously distributed in the thermoplastics part.

Film additive

Base materials of blown film: PP, PE

Effects achieved: surface structuring effect (gets rough)

Mode of action: the GUR® UHMW-PE grains do not get stretched with the film because of their high melt flow. Therefore, they generate surface roughness in the film.

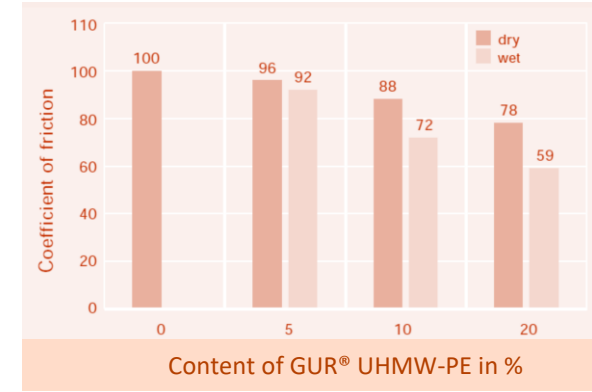
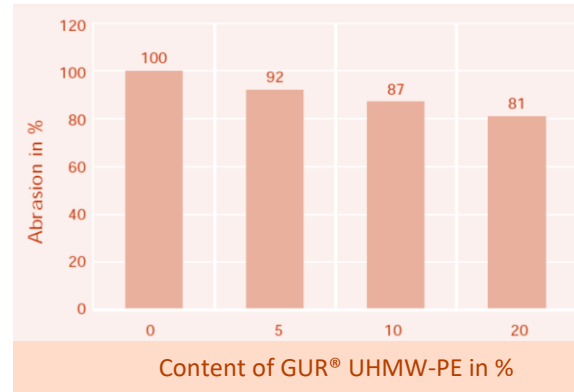
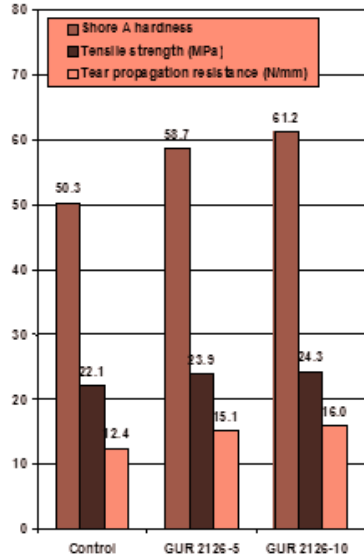
Additives for paints and coatings

Example: baking paints, UV-curing coatings

Effects achieved: surface structuring, improved tribological properties, surface matting

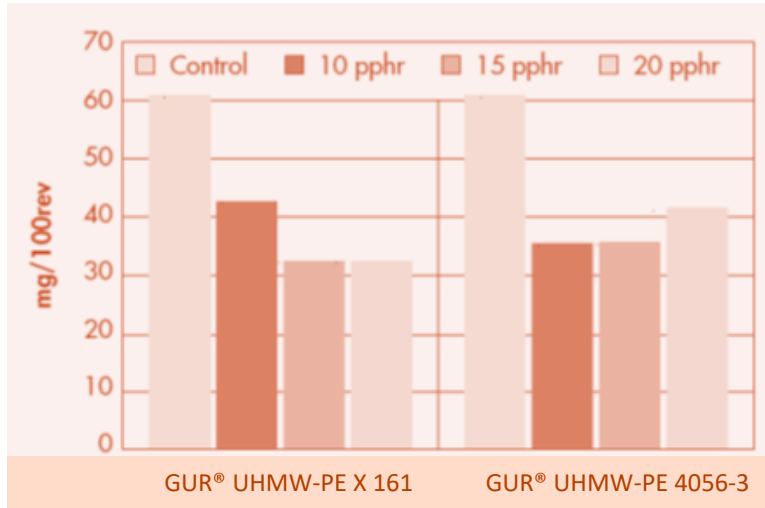
Mode of action: GUR® UHMW-PE grains are added to paint or coating formulations. These are coated on a substrate.

Examples for Property Improvement: GUR® UHMW-PE as Additive for SBR Rubber

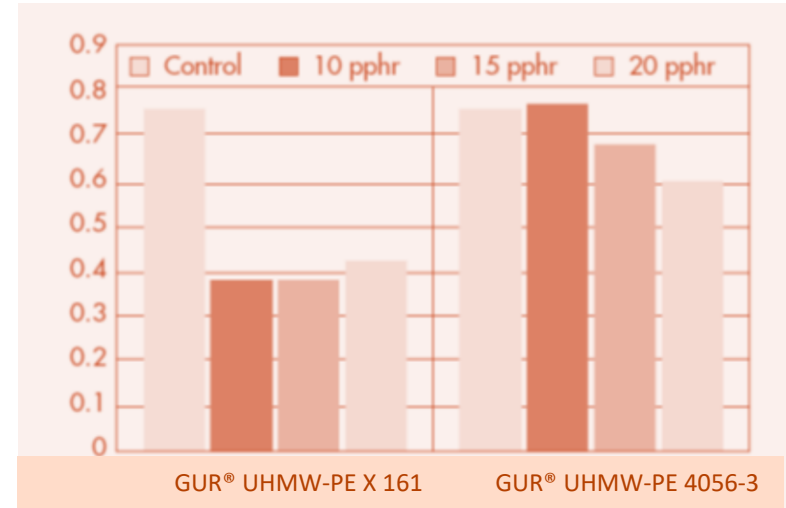


Significant improve in abrasion resistance, sliding properties and tear propagation resistance. The effect becomes stronger with higher loading ratios (within certain limits)

Examples for Property Improvement: GUR® UHMW-PE as Additive for Polyurethane



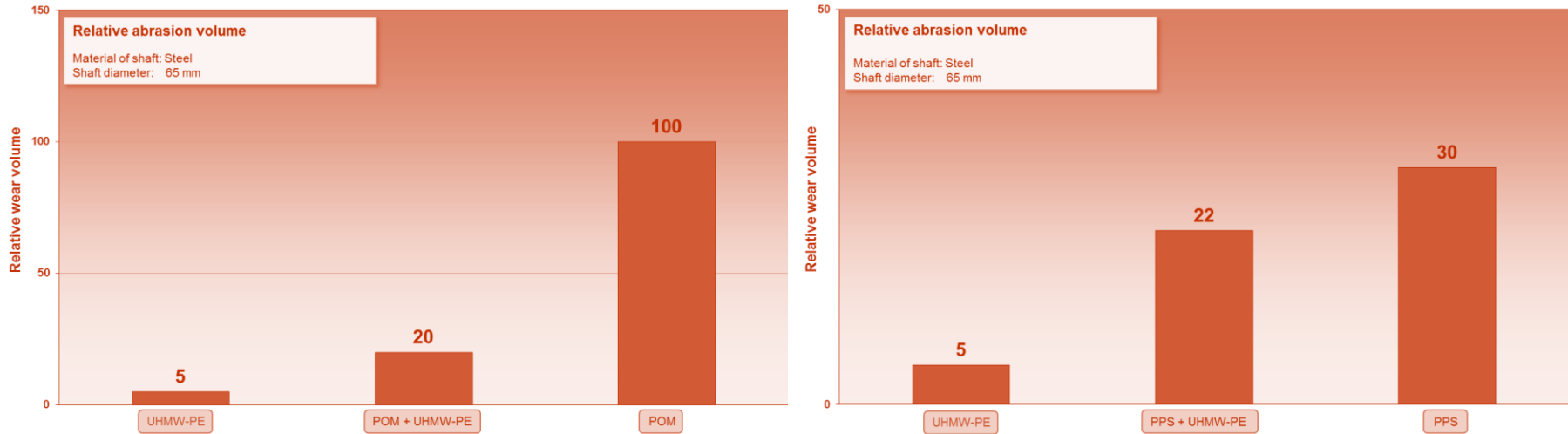
Taber wear resistance



Coefficient of friction versus steel

**Clear improvement in wear resistance and CoF.
Hydrophilic grades show best performance.**

Examples for Property Improvement: GUR® UHMW-PE as Additive for POM and PPS



GUR® UHMW-PE strongly improves the abrasion resistance of Polyoxymethylene (POM) and Polyphenylensulfide (PPS)

List of Typical Additive Products and Relevant Properties

| GUR® UHMW-PE Grades | Elongational Stress /MPa | Molecular weight /g/mol | Bulk density /g/cm ³ | Grain morphology | Median grain size (d50) /μm | Surface Energy | Comment |
|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---|
| 4120 | 0,24 | 4,7*10 ⁶ | 0,45 | Potatoe | 120 | Hydrophobic | Multi purpose grade |
| 4150 | 0,52 | 8,7*10 ⁶ | 0,45 | Potatoe | 120 | Hydrophobic | Similar to 4120 but higher MW |
| 4050-3 | 0,50 | 7,3*10 ⁶ | 0,44 | Potatoe | 60 | Hydrophobic | Fine grade |
| 4056-3 | 0,50 | 7,3*10 ⁶ | 0,44 | Potatoe | 60 | Hydrophilic | Same as 4050-3 but hydrophilic |
| 2126 | 0,19 | 4,2*10 ⁶ | 0,28 | Popcorn | 30 | Hydrophobic | Low bulk density and very fine |
| 2126-2 | 0,19 | 4,2*10 ⁶ | 0,28 | Popcorn | 30 | Hydrophilic | Same as 2126 but hydrophilic |
| 2105-1 | < 0,05 | 0,4*10 ⁶ | 0,30 | Popcorn | 20 | Hydrophobic | Low bulk density, low MW and ultra fine |
| X 160 | < 0,05 | 0,4*10 ⁶ | 0,30 | Popcorn | 20 | Hydrophilic | Same as 2105-1 but hydrophilic |
| 2122 | 0,21 | 4,2*10 ⁶ | 0,25 | Popcorn | 130 | Hydrophobic | Low bulk density |

PTFE Replacement



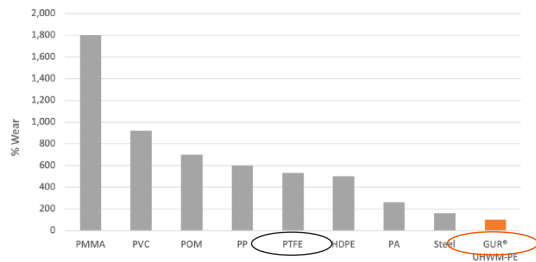
GUR[®] UHMW-PE:
A PFAS*-free alternative to PTFE

 **Celanese**
The chemistry inside innovation™

*GUR[®] UHMW-PE contains no intentionally added PFAS

PTFE Replacement – Comparison of Properties

Abrasion resistance

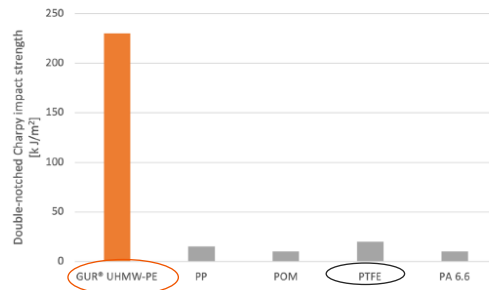


Material loss performance is relative to GUR* UHMW-PE grade 4120 (=100) for different materials determined by the sand slurry method. The sand slurry method rotates specimens in a sand-water mixture under defined conditions for several hours.

Chemical resistance

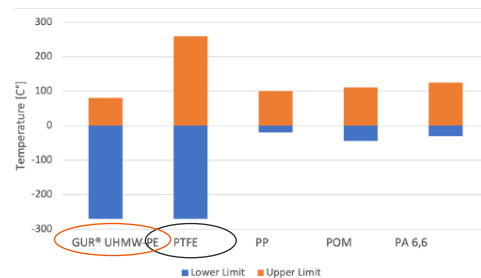


Impact strength



Double-notched Charpy impact strength test results show the amount of energy absorbed by a material at the breakpoint. This graph illustrates that the impact strength performance of R* UHMW-PE is much higher than that of other thermoplastic polymers.

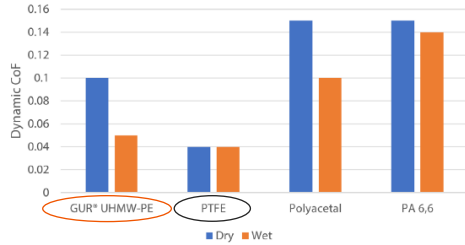
Temperature range



Typical operating temperature ranges for a selection of different materials. At temperatures of -270°C, the material still exhibits a double-notched Charpy impact strength of the order of 10kJ/m².

PTFE Replacement – Tribology

Coefficient of friction (CoF)

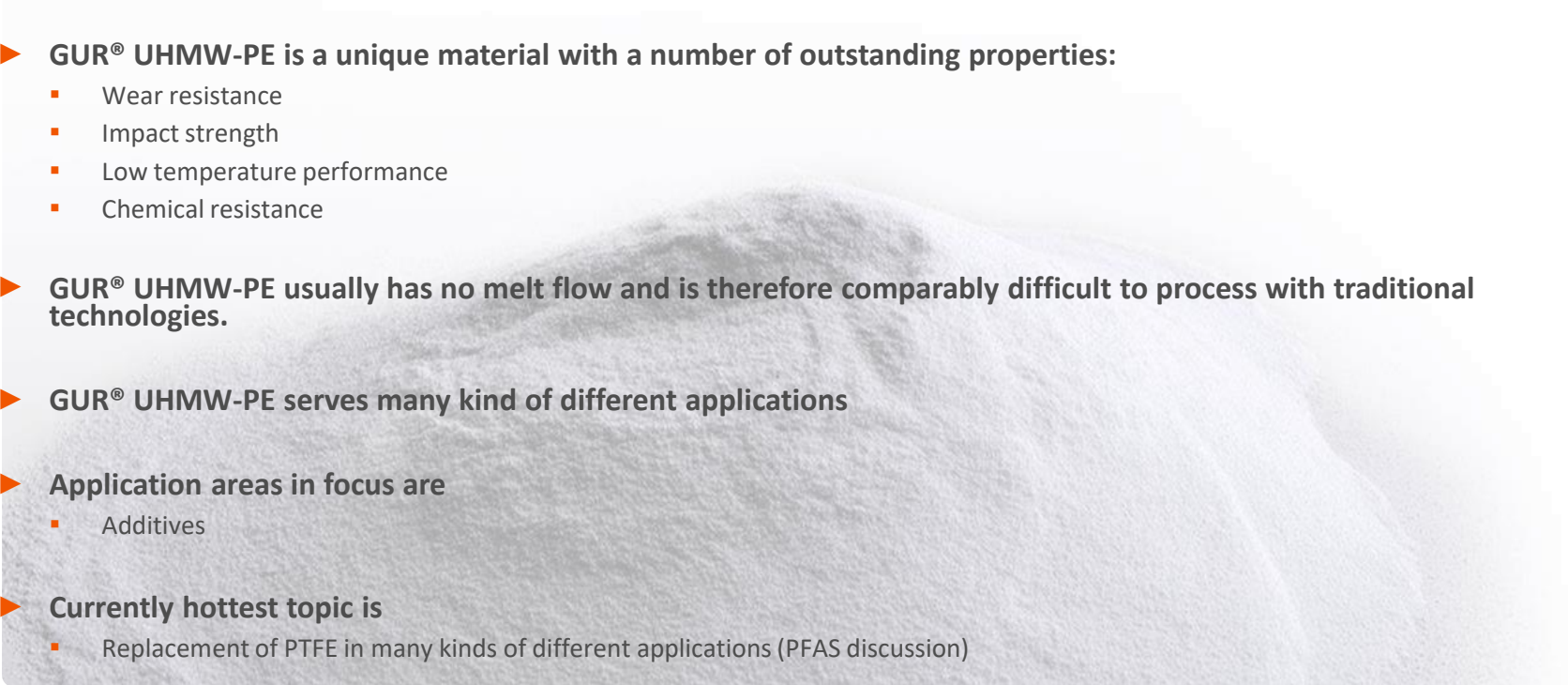


Dynamic CoF test results under dry and wet conditions for GUR® UHMW-PE compared to other thermoplastics.



PTFE Replacement – Comparison of Properties

| Typical values | GUR® UHMW-PE | PTFE |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------|
| Coefficient of Friction | ++ | ++ |
| Wear resistance | ++ | o |
| Impact Strength | ++ | o |
| Shore Hardness | D60 | D55 |
| Density [g/ml] | 0,93 | 2,2 |
| Maximum Usage Temperature [°C] | 80 | 260 |
| Minimum Usage Temperature [°C] | -270 | -270 |
| Chemical resistance | + | ++ |
| UV Resistance | - | ++ |
| Purity, FDA approval, | ++ | ++ |
| Flammability | - | ++ |
| Price | + | - |

- 
- ▶ **GUR® UHMW-PE is a white powder**
 - ▶ **GUR® UHMW-PE is a unique material with a number of outstanding properties:**
 - Wear resistance
 - Impact strength
 - Low temperature performance
 - Chemical resistance
 - ▶ **GUR® UHMW-PE usually has no melt flow and is therefore comparably difficult to process with traditional technologies.**
 - ▶ **GUR® UHMW-PE serves many kind of different applications**
 - ▶ **Application areas in focus are**
 - Additives
 - ▶ **Currently hottest topic is**
 - Replacement of PTFE in many kinds of different applications (PFAS discussion)

Legal Disclaimer

Disclaimer & Notice to Users

This publication was printed based on Celanese's present state of knowledge, and Celanese undertakes no obligation to update it. Because conditions of product use are outside Celanese's control, Celanese makes no warranties, express or implied, and assumes no liability in connection with any use of this information. Nothing herein is intended as a license to operate under or a recommendation to infringe any patents.

Values shown are based on testing of laboratory test specimens and represent data that fall within the standard range of properties for natural material. These values alone do not represent a sufficient basis for any part design and are not intended for use in establishing maximum, minimum, or ranges of values for specification purposes. Colorants or other additives may cause significant variations in data values. Properties of molded parts can be influenced by a wide variety of factors including, but not limited to, material selection, additives, part design, processing conditions and environmental exposure. Any determination of the suitability of a particular material and part design for any use contemplated by the users and the manner of such use is the sole responsibility of the users, who must assure themselves that the material as subsequently processed meets the needs of their particular product or use.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this publication is accurate; however, we do not assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy and completeness of such information. The information contained in this publication should not be construed as a promise or guarantee of specific properties of our products. It is the sole responsibility of the users to investigate whether any existing patents are infringed by the use of the materials mentioned in this publication. Moreover, there is a need to reduce human exposure to many materials to the lowest practical limits in view of possible adverse effects. To the extent that any hazards may have been mentioned in this publication, we neither suggest nor guarantee that such hazards are the only ones that exist. We recommend that persons intending to rely on any recommendation or to use any equipment, processing technique or material mentioned in this publication should satisfy themselves that they can meet all applicable safety and health standards. We strongly recommend that users seek and adhere to the manufacturer's current instructions for handling each material they use, and entrust the handling of such material to adequately trained personnel only.

The products mentioned herein are not intended for use in medical or dental implants.

Celanese®, registered C-ball design and all other trademarks identified herein with ®, TM, SM, unless otherwise noted, are trademarks of Celanese or its affiliates.

© 2023 Celanese or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Published October 2023

Contact Information

Americas

8040 Dixie Highway, Florence, KY 41042 USA

Product Information Service

t: +1-800-833-4882 t: +1-859-372-3244

Customer Service

t: +1-800-526-4960 t: +1-859-372-3214

e: info-engineeredmaterials-am@celanese.com

Europe

Am Unisys-Park 1, 65843 Sulzbach, Germany

Product Information Service

t: +(00)-800-86427-531 t: +49-(0)-69-45009-1011

e: info-engineeredmaterials-eu@celanese.com

Asia

4560 Jinke Road, Zhang Jiang Hi Tech Park

Shanghai 201203 PRC

Customer Service

t: +86 21 3861 9266 f: +86 21 3861 9599

e: info-engineeredmaterials-asia@celanese.com